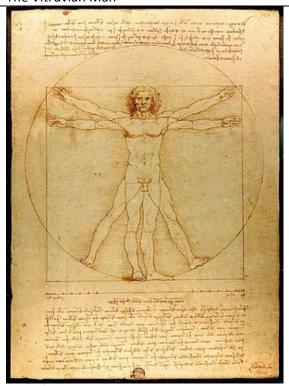
The Vitruvian Man



Pasted from

<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Vitruvian_Man>

Given proportions:

- a palm is four fingers
- a <u>foot</u> is four palms
- a cubit is six palms
- four cubits make a man
- a pace is four cubits
- a man is 24 palms
- the length of the outspread arms is equal to the height of a man
- from the hairline to the bottom of the chin is one-tenth of the height of a man
- from below the chin to the top of the head is one-eighth of the height of a man
- the maximum width of the shoulders is a quarter of the height of a man
- the distance from the elbow to the tip of the hand is a quarter of the height of a man
- the distance from the elbow to the armpit is one-eighth of the height of a man
- the length of the hand is one-tenth of the height of a man
- the foot is one-seventh of the height of a man
- from below the foot to below the knee is a quarter of the height of a man
- the distances from the below the chin to the nose and the eyebrows and the hairline are equal to the ears and to one-third of the face

W	ord or OneNote		
1. 2. 3.	Write down new ratios based on the information above Write down as many questions you can think of, not necessarily about Ratios, per se Given a height of 160 cm, list the body parts you can estimate measurements for; pick one and calculate.	Contribute answers to 1, 2 and 3 to: Wallwisher link	Submit to: Dropittome link
4.	Pick 3 proportions (given or your own) and see (measure and calculate) if it holds true for you		
Reflect on your learning:			
•	Explain your results compared to the given ratios		
•	Discuss what's good about Ratios, e.g. what purpose might it serve		
•	Discuss what could be problematic about using Ratios		
•	What did you think/feel about this activity/lesson? What did you		
	like/dislike?		